

# World Migratory Bird Day (WMBD) Small Grant 2023

# **Final Report**

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Prepared by Rahmadiyono Widodo – Endemic Indonesia Society

### Section 1. EVENT INFORMATION (Compulsory)

1.1 Contact Information - Provide your contact information for this report

Full Name	Rahmadiyono Widodo
Name of the organisation	Endemic Indonesia Society
Name(s) of the division and/or position	Secretary
Type of the organisation - Government/NGO/Private Sector/Other	NGO
Email	
Postal address	
Office phone numbers	-
(Your) Cell number (optional)	+
Fax (optional)	
Website (optional)	Instagram: @endemic.indonesia
Additional contact person (optional)	(Prajawan)
Date of submission	02 June 2023

#### 1.2 Event tile:

World Migratory Bird Day 2023: Water for Birds and People

#### 1.3 Event Location - Where did your event take place?

Name of country	Indonesia
Name of city	Kulon Progo and Bantul
Name of event place/venue	<ol> <li>Secondary School MTS Darul Ulum Galur Kulon Progo</li> </ol>
	2. Estuary of Progo river, Bantul
	3. Online

#### 1.4 Event Type - Check the relevant categories of your event type

Public awareness activity – local and/or national	
Field Trip (e.g. Birdwatching)	V
Monitoring/survey	
School visit	V
Festival	
Media event (e.g. press release)	V

Movie/video	
Webinar	V
Competition	V

1.5 Event Organiser - Who were organiser and/or sponsor for your event?

Events were organised by Endemic Indonesia Society in collaboration with Paguyuban Pengamat Burung Jogja (Yogyakarta Birdwatcher Society) and supported by East Asian-Australasian Flyway Partnership.

1.6 Target Audience - Who were the participants for your event (Compulsory)?

Target Audience types	Number participated	
School students, teachers or parents	42	
University students	35	
Researchers, Scientist, NGO	3	
birdwatchers	30	
Site managers for wetlands	2	
Decision or policy makers	3	
Media	2	
Company	1	
Photografer	1	
Total number of Participants	119	

#### 1.7 Outcome - What is the outcome from your event?

The results obtained from these activities are as follows:

- 1. Education (lecture and discussions) to the students of MTS Darul Ulum Kulon Progo regarding the types of birds around the Progo river estuary and the actions that can be taken to conserve them.
- 2. Direct education to students and university students in Yogyakarta by conducting bird observations at the Progo river estuary. Participants were given pamphlets to assist them in identifying the birds there.
- 3. Approximately 30 photography and article related to the role of water in bird life
- 4. Education through webinars related to the dangers of microplastics in river flow and the conservation of migratory birds.
- 5. Three publications in the mass media related to the activities of WMBD 2023.

#### 1.8 Any additional comment? (Optional)

In the activities we organized, we successfully involved several decision-makers from both the Conservation Agency and the National Park. Our hope is to establish cooperation with them and be supported by EAAFP to conserve migratory birds.

#### Section 2. EVENT PROGRAMME (Compulsory)

We organized four activities supported by EAAFP, which are as follows:

#### 1. School Visit (May 13, 2023)

A school visit was conducted at MTS Darul Ulum Galur Kulon Progo, providing materials related to the conservation of migratory birds. The session was delivered by R. Arif Alfauzi, S.Si., an UNY alumnus with extensive experience in coastal bird conservation activities. The activity was attended by approximately 38 students, 4 teachers, and 10 university students.

### 2. Birdwatching (May 13, 2023)

Birdwatching activities took place in the vicinity of the Progo River estuary in Bantul during the afternoon. Students from MTS Darul Ulum and around 20 university students participated in this event. The participants were divided into several groups and guided by birdwatchers from the Yogyakarta Birdwatchers Society to observe and identify birds. The event was also attended by journalists and resulted in a media article.

(Read the article:

https://jogjapolitan.harianjogja.com/read/2023/05/14/514/1135239/eis-danmts-darul-ulum-kulonprogo-lakukan-pengamatan-burung-di-muara-progo)

#### 3. Photo and Article Competition (May 11-24, 2023)

This competition was conducted online with two categories: students and university students. Approximately 30 photos and articles were submitted for the competition. The participants' works were evaluated on May 25-26, 2023, and the winners were announced on May 27 during the webinar event.

#### 4. Webinar (May 27, 2023)

A webinar was organized with the theme of water and bird conservation in the Progo River. The topic of water conservation was presented by Inggita Utami, M.Sc., a lecturer from Ahmad Dahlan University. She shared the findings of her research related to microplastics in the Progo River flow. The topic of bird conservation was presented by Rahmadiyono Widodo, S.Pd. from the Endemic Indonesia Society. Approximately 80 participants from different backgrounds registered for this webinar, including decision-makers from both the Conservation Agency and the National Park. The event was also covered by the media and resulted in two articles.

(Read the articles: <u>https://kumparan.com/pandangan-jogja/masifnya-tambang-pasir-di-muara-sungai-progo-ancam-habitat-burung-pantai-migran-20UUBUryr1s</u>

And

https://kumparan.com/pandangan-jogja/kali-progo-tercemar-mikroplastikkarena-sampah-popok-bayi-sampai-kasur-20UU1QKHSCC)

#### Section 3. SHORT SUMMARY REPORT (Compulsory)

The Progo River serves as an important water source for the surrounding communities. Its presence is also crucial as a feeding and resting place for migratory birds. Birdwatchers from Yogyakarta have recorded 44 species of migratory shorebirds in the Progo River estuary and surrounding. Several endangered species, such as the Great Knot, Nordmann's Greenshank, and Far-eastern Curlew, have been recorded in this river estuary. However, migratory birds in the Progo River estuary are threatened by various factors, including hunting, habitat degradation, and the presence of microplastics in the river flow. These microplastics also pose a danger to the communities living near the river.

Considering these conditions, the Endemic Indonesia Society organized a series of educational activities to raise awareness about the importance of water and the conservation of migratory birds. The theme of these activities was "World Migratory Bird Day 2023: Water for Birds and People." The activities were organized in collaboration with the Yogyakarta Birdwatcher Society and received funding from the East Asian-Australasian Flyway Partnership.

The first activity conducted was a school visit to MTS Darul Ulum Galur Kulon Progo on May 13, 2023. The event was attended by approximately 50 participants, including students, teachers, and university students. During this activity, R. Arif Alfauzi, S.Si., delivered a presentation and engaged in discussions with the students regarding the conservation of migratory birds in the Progo River estuary. After the school session, the students were taken to the Progo River estuary for birdwatching in the afternoon. In addition to the school students, approximately 20 university students, local communities, NGO members, and journalist also participated in the birdwatching activity. The participants were divided into several groups and guided by the Endemic Indonesia Society and the Yogyakarta Birdwatchers Society to observe and identify birds. Participants were provided with pamphlets containing photos of commonly found birds in the estuary to facilitate bird identification. Although it was not the migration season, participants were still able to observe several bird species, including three shorebird species: Common Sandpiper, Javan Plover, and Greater Crested Tern.

The next activity held as part of WMBD was a photography and article competition from May 11-24, 2023. The theme chosen for the competition was "Birds and Water." The competition was divided into two categories: student and university student. Approximately 30 entries were received for the competition. The winners were announced during the webinar on May 27, 2023.

The webinar served as the closing event for WMBD 2023. A total of 78 people registered for the webinar, with the majority was students and birdwatchers. However, there were also decision-makers from the Conservation Agency and National Park, researchers, teachers, NGO members, and journalist among the participants. During the webinar, two speakers delivered fascinating presentations. The first presentation was given by Inggita Utami, M.Sc. (a lecturer from Ahmad Dahlan University) on the dangers of microplastics in the Progo River. This was followed by the second

presentation by Rahmadiyono Widodo, S.Pd., on the conservation of migratory birds in the Progo River estuary. The participants showed great enthusiasm in asking questions and engaging in discussions.

As part of this series of activities, the Endemic Indonesia Society involved two mass media to the events. Rahmadiyono, as the event leader of the WMBD 2023 activities, hoped that by involving the mass media, the issue of migratory bird conservation could be spread to a wider audience. As a result of the WMBD activities, three news articles were published on May 14 and May 28, 2023.

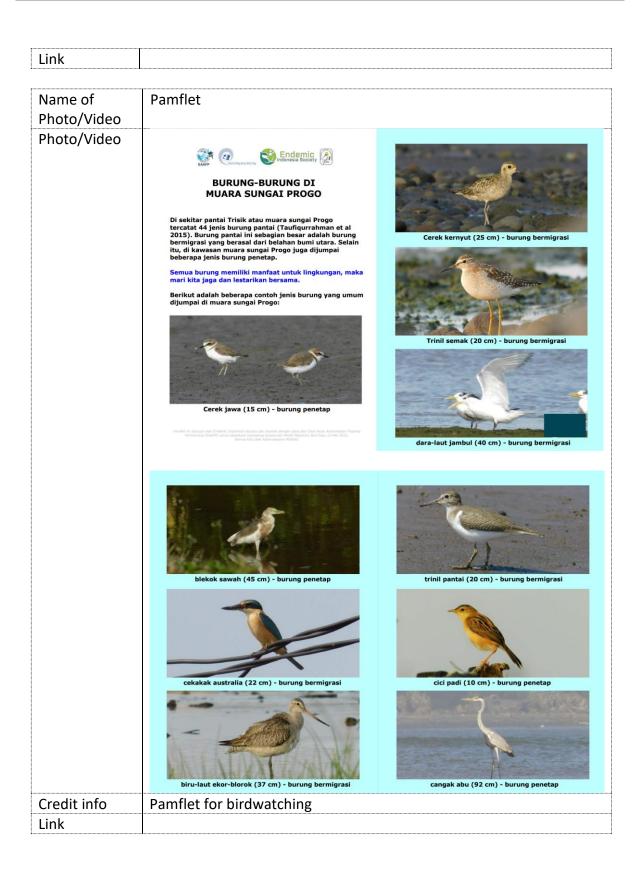
#### Section 4. EXPENDITURE REPORT (Compulsory)

Transportation	50 USD
Birdwatching Guide and School Visit Fasilitator	70 USD
Speakers (school and webinar)	140 USD
Leaflet, Banner, T-Shirts, campaign kit	271 USD
Binocular and monocular rent	10 USD
Doorprize	20 USD
Gift for competition	185 USD
Competition Judges	200 USD
School visit and birdwatching consumption	54 USD
Total	1,000 USD

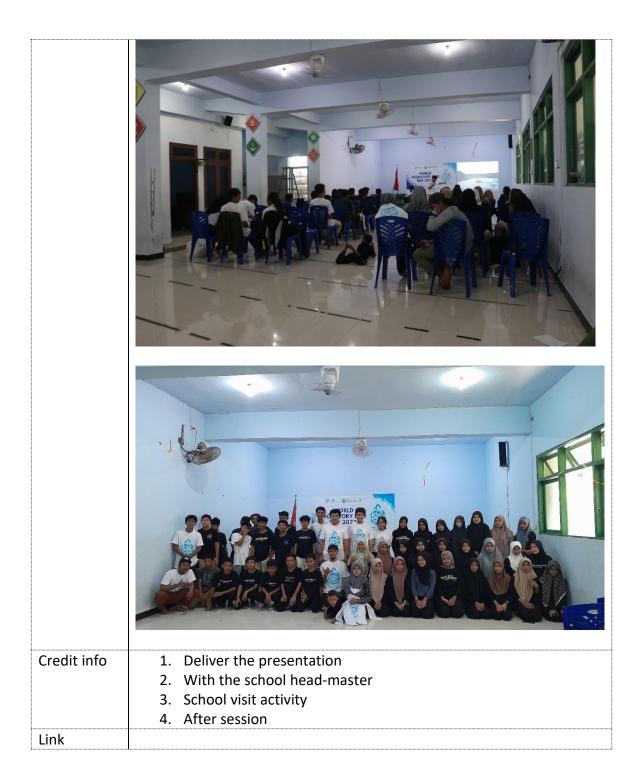
\*Please keep the receipt in case auditing is needed.

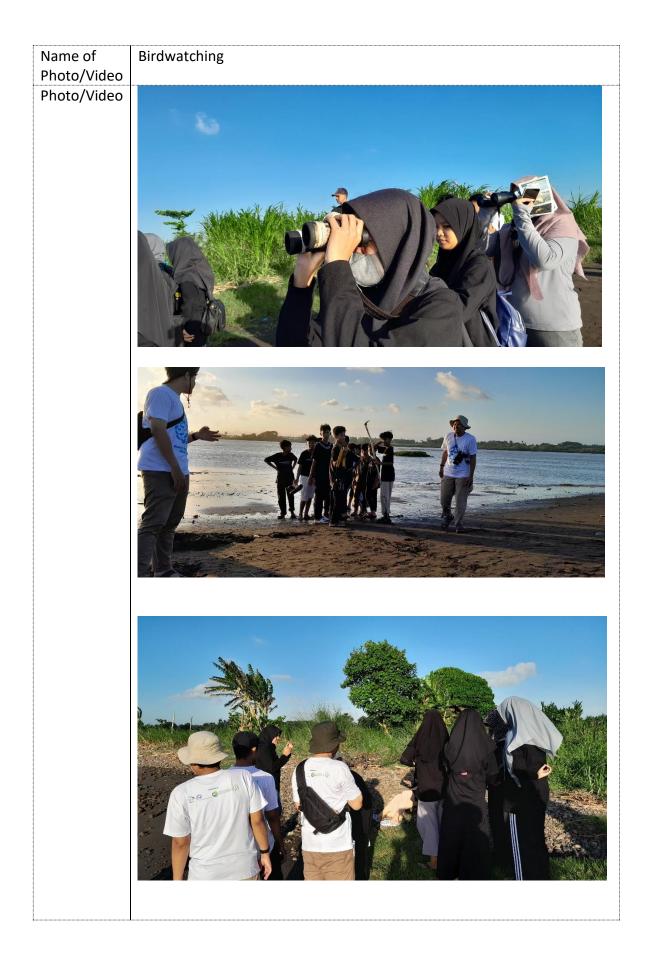
#### Section 5. PHOTO, VIDEO & MATERIALS (Compulsory):

Name of Photo/Video	Banner
Photo/Video	Weiler       Weiler         Workspreche       William         Workspreche       William         Workspreche       William         Workspreche       William         William       William      <
Credit info	Banner which used for school visit and birdwatching















# PEMENANG LOMBA ARTIKEL

PELAJAR

#### Air Menopang Kehidupan Burung Oleh : Ika Yuliana Nur Asyifa

Burung merupakan salah satu makhluk hidup yang membutuhkan bantuan air untuk menjalani kehidupannya. Tanpa air makhluk hidup akan banyak punah, dikarenakan sebagian besar tubuh makhluk hidup di dunia ini sangat membutuhkan air. Oleh karena itu burung juga sangat memerlukan air untuk kebutuhannya, salah satunya yaitu untuk pergerakan sekelompok burung dari habitatnya menuju lokasi tertentu untuk mencari makanan yang dilakukan setiap tahun pada waktu-waktu tertentu dengan menempuh perjalanan yang panjang, atau disebut juga bermigrasi.

Alasan burung bermigrasi karena perubahan iklim yang ada di habitatnya, banyak burung yang berkembang biak di bumi bagian Utara yang bermigrasi ke bumi bagian Selatan tergantung pada kondisi iklim yang ada di daerah tersebut. Daerah yang tropis menjadi tujuan migrasi para sekelompok burung ketika di habitat mereka sedang mengalami musim gugur. Karena saat musim gugur persediaan makanan mereka berkurang.

Migrasi burung terjadi umumnya di musim gugur dan semi. Di musim gugur, perjalanan dilakukan dari tempat berbiak di bumi bagian utara ke daerah tropis di bumi bagian selatan, dan sebaliknya. Para burung melakukan ini dikarenakan ketersediaan pangan dan perubahan suhu di tempat itu. Oleh karena itu para burung mencari tempat tropis yang pada umumnya dapat menghangatkan dan mencari tempat berair untuk kebutuhannya.

#### 1. IKA YULIANA NUR ASYIFA

# PEMENANG LOMBA ARTIKEL MAHASISWA

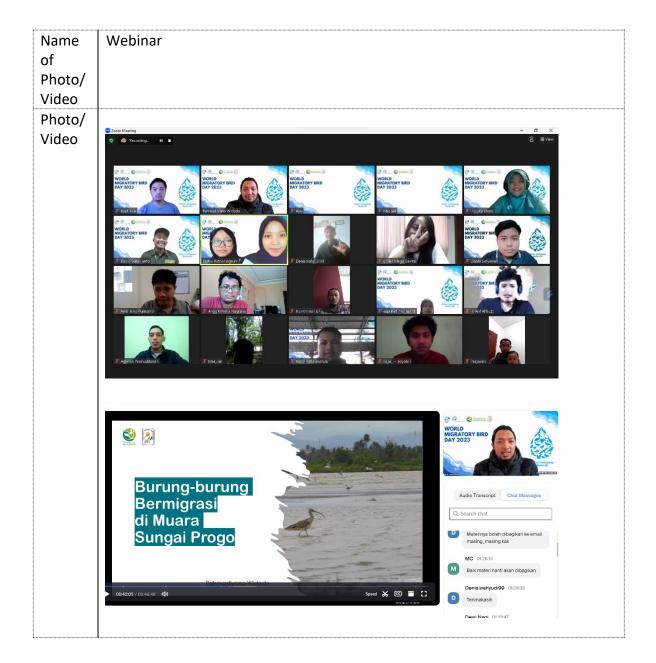
Urgensi dan Strategi Pelestarian Burung Pantai Migran di Indonesia Khansa Hanun Afifah, Yogyakarta Universitas Gadjah Mada - Mahasiswa

#### Mengenal Burung Pantai Migran

Migrasi burung (*migratory bird*) merupakan pengembaraan yang dilakukan oleh burung, dimana pada setiap tahun burung terbang dari tempat asalnya menuju tempat lain sebagai respon terhadap lingkungan seperti adanya suhu rendah maupun musim dingin. Rata-rata burung yang melakukan migrasi merupakan jenis burung air, burung pemangsa dan burung darat. Fenomena ini terjadi sebagai bentuk adaptasi akibat perubahan kondisi cuaca yang terjadi yang berpengaruh terhadap ketersedian sumber pakan di habitat. *Shorebirds* atau sering dikenal dengan istilah *Waders* merupakan istilah burung-burung pantai. Jenis burung ini memiliki ketergantungan tinggi dalam mencari pakan di kawasan pesisir pantai. Jenis-jenis burung *shorebirds* juga dapat ditemui di kawasan lahan basah lain seperti rawa, sungai, danau, rawa-rawa, kawasan mangrove, dan persawahan.

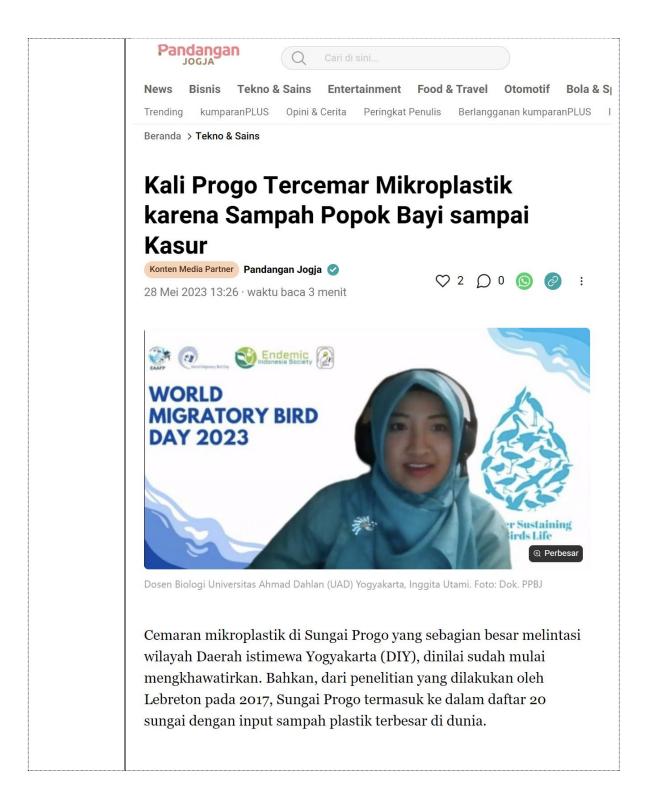
Putra (2023) menyatakan bahwa di seluruh dunia, terdapat sekitar 214 jenis burung pantai, dan 26 jenis diantaranya dijumpai di Indonesia. Sebagian besar burung ini merupakan burung

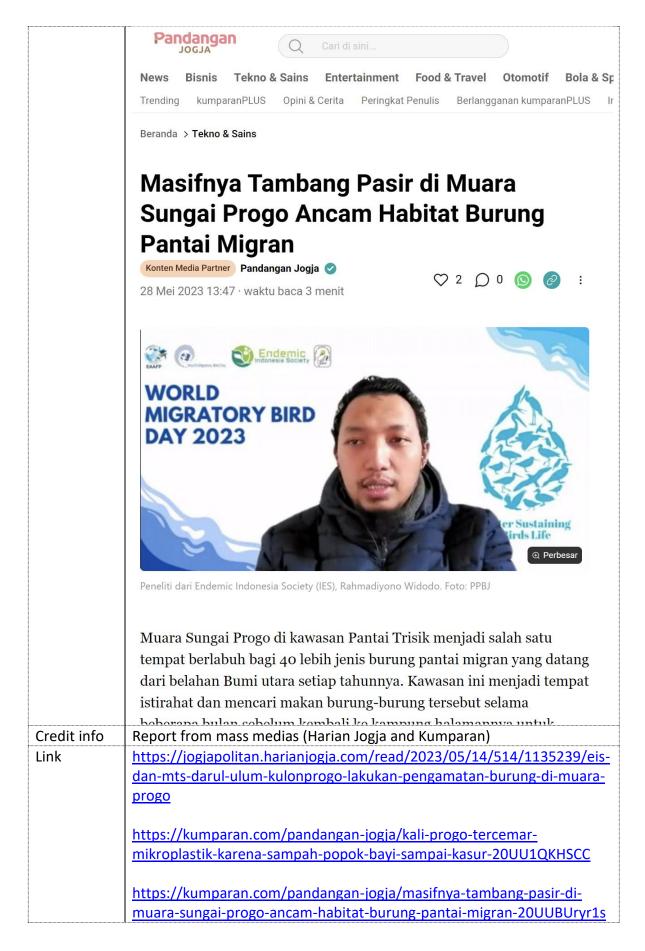
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	1. KHANSA HANUN AFIFAH
Credit info	The winner for the competition
Link	https://www.instagram.com/p/Csvp7h7Bvx8/











Other documentations with high resolution can be accessed by:

https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/11iWkCptsYO3JOkUcqCsXdi8eeMoLmWuK?usp=shar ing